- (1) the estimated date when the Army IgnitED program will be fully functional;
- (2) the estimated date when service members will be reimbursed for out of pocket expenses caused by processing delays and errors under the Army IgnitED program; and
- (3) the estimated date when institutions of higher education will be fully reimbursed for all costs typically provided through the Tuition Assistance Program but delayed due to processing delays and errors under the Army IgnitED program.

SA 4097. Mr. LANKFORD (for himself and Mr. DAINES) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 3867 submitted by Mr. REED and intended to be proposed to the bill H.R. 4350, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2022 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows: At the appropriate place, insert the fol-

lowing: . EXECUTIVE ORDERS 14042 AND 14043.

The provisions of Executive Order 14042 (86 Fed. Reg. 50985; relating to ensuring adequate COVID safety protocols for Federal contractors) and Executive Order 14043 (86 Fed. Reg. 50989; relating to requiring Coronavirus Disease 2019 vaccination for Federal employees) are rescinded and shall have no force or effect.

SA 4098. Mr. LANKFORD submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 3867 submitted by Mr. REED and intended to be proposed to the bill H.R. 4350, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2022 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place in title X, insert the following:

SEC. USE OF SCIENTIFIC INFORMATION IN RULEMAKING.

Section 553 of title 5, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following:

'(f) To the extent that an agency makes a decision based on science when issuing a rule under this section, the agency shall use scientific information, technical procedures, measures, methods, protocols, methodologies, or models, employed in a manner consistent with the best available science, and shall consider as applicable-

"(1) the extent to which the scientific information, technical procedures, measures, methods, protocols, methodologies, or models employed to generate the information are reasonable for and consistent with the intended use of the information;

"(2) the extent to which the information is relevant for use by the head of the agency in making a decision related to issuing the

"(3) the degree of clarity and completeness with which the data, assumptions, methods, quality assurance, and analyses employed to generate the information are documented;

'(4) the extent to which the variability and uncertainty in the information, or in the procedures, measures, methods, protocols, methodologies, or models, are evaluated and characterized: and

"(5) the extent of independent verification or peer review of the information or of the procedures, measures, methods, protocols, methodologies, or models.

(g) An agency shall make a decision described in subsection (f) based on the weight of the scientific evidence.

'(h) Each agency shall make available to the public-

"(1) all notices, determinations, findings, rules, consent agreements, and orders of the head of the agency in connection with a rule;

"(2) a nontechnical summary of each risk evaluation conducted in connection with a rule; and

"(3) a list of the studies considered by the agency in carrying out each risk evaluation described in paragraph (2), along with the results of those studies.".

SA 4099. Mr. LANKFORD submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 3867 submitted by Mr. Reed and intended to be proposed to the bill H.R. 4350, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2022 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes: which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place, insert the following:

SEC. . BLENDED FEDERAL WORKFORCE.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 1103(c) of title 5, United States Code, is amended—
- (1) in paragraph (1)—
- (A) by striking "(c)(1)" and inserting "(c)(1)(A)"; and
- (B) by adding at the end the following:
- (B)(i) The Office of Personnel Management shall collect from Executive agencies, other than elements of the intelligence community (as defined in section 3(4) of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3003(4))), on at least an annual basis the following:
- "(I) The total number of persons employed directly by the Executive agency.
- "(II) The total number of prime contractor employees and subcontractor employees, as those terms are defined in section 8701 of title 41, issued credentials allowing access to Executive agency property or computer systems.
- '(III) The total number of employees of Federal grant and cooperative agreement recipients, as those legal instruments are described in sections 6304 and 6305 of title 31. respectively, who are issued credentials allowing access to Executive agency property or computer systems.
- "(IV) A total count of the workforce, including employees, prime contractor employees, subcontractor employees, grantee employees, and cooperative agreement employees.
- (ii) The Office of Personnel Management shall compile the data collected under clause (i) and issue, and post on its website, an annual report containing the data."; and
- (2) in paragraph (2), by striking "paragraph and inserting "paragraph (1)(A)"
- (b) SENSE OF CONGRESS ON EFFECTIVE AND EFFICIENT MANAGEMENT OF THE BLENDED FEDERAL WORKFORCE.
- (1) DEFINITION.—In this subsection, the term "Executive agency" has the meaning given the term in section 105 of title 5, United States Code.
- (2) FINDINGS.—Congress finds the following: (A) The implementation of Federal laws and the competent administration of Federal

programs require skilled and capable per-

- (B) Executive agencies depend on a blended workforce that includes Federal employees, employees of prime contractors and subcontractors performing services to Executive agencies, and employees of State or local governments, nonprofit organizations, or institutions of higher education performing services to Executive agencies under the terms of grants and cooperative agreements (in this subsection referred to as "grantees"), all of whom make essential contributions to achieving the missions of the Government in service to the people of the United States.
- (C) Approximately 2,000,000 Federal employees help to execute the laws of the United States, supplemented by an unknown number, estimated to exceed 5,000,000, of employees of prime contractors. subcontractors, and grantees providing services to Executive agencies.
- (D) Policymakers, Executive agencies, and observers have often focused on individual components of the blended workforce, such as employees, without considering all components or considering the entire blended workforce and how all 3 components can work most effectively together.
- (E) Executive agencies inhibit their own workforce planning and risk making decisions that may reduce the overall efficiency and cost effectiveness of the blended workforce by focusing on only 1 component in isolation.
- (F) Establishing artificial limits headcounts or full-time equivalent positions for Federal employees, administrators, and managerial employees of Executive agencies may discourage the employment of interns or entry-level employees to build a balanced employment pipeline and may inadvertently encourage managers to shift work to contractors and grantees for the purpose of complying with such numerical limits, even if those decisions are not justified by an approach to improve the efficiency or cost effectiveness of the Executive agency's work.
- (G) The Government Accountability Office has identified strategic human capital management as a high-risk area for the Federal Government, adding that critical skills gaps 'impede the government from cost-effectively serving the public and achieving results"
- (3) SENSE OF CONGRESS —It is the sense of Congress that Executive agencies should-
- (A) manage the entire Federal blended workforce, including employees, contractors, and grantees, using a comprehensive and holistic approach to advance their missions as effectively and cost efficiently as possible, within appropriated budgets and without using artificial numerical limits on headcounts or full-time-equivalent positions; and
- (B) conduct a holistic review of their blended workforce and develop a comprehensive plan to ensure an efficient and cost-effective blended workforce.

SA 4100. Mr. LANKFORD (for himself and Mr. BRAUN) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 3867 submitted by Mr. REED and intended to be proposed to the bill H.R. 4350, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2022 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of subtitle B of title X, add the following:

SEC. 1013. RESUMPTION OF BORDER WALL CONSTRUCTION.

- (a) FINDINGS.—Congress finds that—
- (1) more than 1,700,000 migrants were encountered trying to illegally enter the United States during fiscal year 2021, which represents the highest number of illegal border crossings ever recorded by U.S. Customs and Border Protection:
- (2) at least 1,300,000 migrants have illegally crossed the international border between the United States and Mexico since President Biden suspended border wall construction, which represents a 314 percent increase in illegal border crossings compared to fiscal year 2020;
- (3) the actual number of migrants who illegally crossed the international border between the United States and Mexico and bypassed law enforcement during fiscal year 2021 is unknown:
- (4) U.S. Customs and Border Protection set twenty year records for encountering the highest number of illegal border crossers per month in March 2021, April 2021, May 2021, June 2021, and July 2021;
- (5) President Biden's efforts to suspend or terminate border wall construction have cost taxpayers between \$1,837,000,000 and \$2,087,000,000 since January 20, 2021, and such costs are increasing by at least \$3,000,000 daily:
- (6) Congress has voted multiple times, on a bipartisan basis, to authorize the construction of a border wall system along the international border between the United States and Mexico; and
- (7) a border wall system is an effective tool for enhancing border security.
- (b) RESUMPTION OF BORDER WALL CONSTRUCTION —
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law—
- (A) all contracts entered into by the Secretary of Homeland Security, the Commissioner of U.S. Customs and Border Protection, the Commanding General of the Army Corps of Engineers, the Secretary of Defense, or any other Federal official for the purposes of constructing a barrier along the southwest land border of the United States shall be carried out according to the terms and conditions that were in effect on or before January 19, 2021; and
- (B) all materials acquired by the Department of Homeland Security (including U.S. Customs and Border Protection), the Department of Defense (including the Army Corps of Engineers), or any other Federal agency for the construction of a barrier along the southwest land border of the United States shall remain under the custody of the agency that acquired such materials.
- (2) EXECUTION OF CONTRACTS.—Any Federal agency that has acquired any materials described in the paragraph (1)(B) shall carry out all contracts involving such materials according to the terms and conditions that were in effect on or before January 19, 2021.
- (3) RENEWAL OF CONTRACTS.—The Department of Homeland Security (including U.S. Customs and Border Protection), the Department of Defense (including the Army Corps of Engineers), and any other Federal agency that has terminated contracts pursuant to Presidential Proclamation 10142 (86 Fed. Reg. 7225) shall make every effort to renew and reenter such contracts according to the terms and conditions that were in effect on or before January 19, 2021.
- (c) REPORT.—Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of the Act, the Director of the Office of Management and Budget, the Secretary of Homeland Security, the Commanding General of the Army Corps of Engineers, and the Secretary of Defense

- shall jointly submit a written report to the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate, the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs of the Senate, the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives, the Committee on Homeland Security of the House of Representatives, and the Committee on Oversight and Reform of the House of Representatives that—
- (1) identifies the contracts for border wall construction that have been terminated;
- (2) calculates all of the costs incurred as a result of such terminations, including the costs for make safe and site security activities:
- (3) identifies all of the materials that were liquidated as excess, including the initial purchase price and the sale price for such materials:
- (4) identifies all of the lands that were liquidated as excess; including the initial purchase price and the sale price for such lands; and
- (5) includes copies of any analysis or legal opinions that were developed to support the implementation of Presidential Proclamation 10142 (86 Fed. Reg. 7225).
- (d) Monthly Certifications.—The Secretary of Homeland Security, the Commanding General of the Army Corps of Engineers, and the Secretary of Defense shall each submit a monthly certification to Congress that their respective departments are in fully compliance with the requirements of this section.
- SA 4101. Mr. LANKFORD submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 3867 submitted by Mr. REED and intended to be proposed to the bill H.R. 4350, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2022 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:
- At the appropriate place, insert the following:

SEC. _____. FLEXIBILITY FOR TEMPORARY AND TERM APPOINTMENTS.

(a) TEMPORARY AND TERM APPOINTMENTS.—Subchapter I of chapter 31 of title 5, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following:

\$3117. Temporary and term appointments

- $\lq\lq(a)$ Definitions.—In this section:
- "(1) DIRECTOR.—The term 'Director' means the Director of the Office of Personnel Management.
- "(2) TEMPORARY APPOINTMENT.—The term 'temporary appointment' means an appointment in the competitive service for a period of not more than 1 year.
- "(3) TERM APPOINTMENT.—The term 'term appointment' means an appointment in the competitive service for a period of more than 1 year and not more than 5 years.
- "(b) Appointment.—
- "(1) IN GENERAL.—The head of an Executive agency may make a temporary appointment or term appointment to a position in the competitive service when the need for the services of an employee in the position is not permanent.
- "(2) EXTENSION.—Under conditions prescribed by the Director, the head of an Executive agency may—
- "(A) extend a temporary appointment made under paragraph (1) in increments of not more than 1 year each, up to a maximum of 3 total years of service; and

- "(B) extend a term appointment made under paragraph (1) in increments determined appropriate by the head of the Executive agency, up to a maximum of 6 total years of service.
- "(c) Appointments for Critical Hiring Needs.—
- "(1) IN GENERAL.—Under conditions prescribed by the Director, the head of an Executive agency may make a noncompetitive temporary appointment, or a noncompetitive term appointment for a period of not more than 18 months, to a position in the competitive service for which a critical hiring need exists, as determined under section 3304, without regard to the requirements of sections 3327 and 3330.
- "(2) No EXTENSIONS.—An appointment made under paragraph (1) may not be extended.
 - "(d) REGULATIONS .-
- "(1) IN GENERAL.—Subject to paragraph (2), the Director may prescribe regulations to carry out this section.
- "(2) APPLICATION.—Any regulations prescribed by the Director for the administration of this section shall not apply to the Secretary of Defense in the exercise of the authorities granted under section 1105 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2017 (Public Law 114–328; 130 Stat. 2447).
- "(e) SPECIAL PROVISION REGARDING THE DE-PARTMENT OF DEFENSE.—Nothing in this section shall preclude the Secretary of Defense from making temporary and term appointments in the competitive service pursuant to section 1105 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2017 (Public Law 114–328; 130 Stat. 2447).
- "(f) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this section may be construed to affect the authorities granted under section 3109.".
- (b) CONFORMING AMENDMENT.—The table of sections for subchapter I of chapter 31 of title 5, United States Code, is amended by inserting after the item relating to section 3116 the following:
- "3117. Temporary and term appointments.".
- SA 4102. Mr. LANKFORD submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 3867 submitted by Mr. REED and intended to be proposed to the bill H.R. 4350, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2022 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:
- At the appropriate place, insert the following:

SEC. _____. REQUIREMENT TO POST A 100 WORD SUMMARY TO REGULATIONS.GOV.

- Section 553(b) of title 5, United States Code, is amended—
- (1) in paragraph (2), by striking "and" at the end;
- (2) in paragraph (3), by striking the period at the end and inserting "; and"; and
- (3) by inserting after paragraph (3) the following:
- "(4) the Internet address of a summary of not more than 100 words in length of the proposed rule, in plain language, that shall be posted on the Internet website under section 206(d) of the E-Government Act of 2002 (44 U.S.C. 3501 note) (commonly known as regulations.gov)."
- **SA 4103.** Mr. LANKFORD submitted an amendment intended to be proposed